

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol

Revision date: 14.10.2020

Product code: HAL1020

Page 1 of 14

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier		
Glycinol		
Further trade names 2-Amino-ethanol 2-Aminoethyl alcohol 2-Ethanolamine 2-Hydroxyethanamine 2-Hydroxyethylamin Monoethanolamine		
Substance name:	2-aminoethanol	
REACH Registration Number:	01-2119486455-28-XXXX	
CAS No:	141-43-5	
Index No: EC No:	603-030-00-8 205-483-3	
	substance or mixture and uses advised	d against
Use of the substance/mixture		
Laboratory chemical. Manufa	cture of the substance.	
Uses advised against		
Do not use for private purpose	es (household).	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa		
Company name:	Iris Biotech GmbH	
Street:	Adalbert-Zoellner-Straße 1	
Place:	D-95615 Marktredwitz, Germany	
Post-office box:	568 D 05005 Markter dwite Oamaan	
-	D-95605 Marktredwitz, Germany	T (, , 40,0004,07404,00
Telephone: e-mail:	+49 9231 97121 0 info@iris-biotech.de	Telefax: +49 9231 97121 99
Contact person:	Compliance Department	Telephone: +49 9231 97121 0
e-mail:	sds@iris-biotech.de	
Internet:	www.iris-biotech.de	
Responsible Department:	Only available during office hours.	
1.4. Emergency telephone	+49 (0)89 19240 (POISON CENTER	Munich: 24 h)
number:	. , , ,	,

number:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Hazard categories: Acute toxicity: Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity: Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity: Acute Tox. 4 Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin Corr. 1B Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eye Dam. 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: STOT SE 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazard Statements: Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol

Revision date: 14.10.2020

Product code: HAL1020

Page 2 of 14

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Signal word:

Pictograms:



Hazard statements

H302+H312+H332	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

could formary stateme	
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to an approved disposal site.

Additional advice on labelling

Warning - substance not yet tested completely.

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical characterization 2-Amino-ethanol				
Sum formula:	C2H7NO			
Molecular weight:	61,08 g/mol			



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol

Revision date: 14.10.2020

Product code: HAL1020

Page 3 of 14

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	GHS Classification			
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol			<= 100 %
	205-483-3 01-2119486455-28-XXXX			
	Acute Tox. 4, Acute Tox. 4, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Corr. 1B, Eye Dam. 1, STOT SE 3, Aquatic Chronic 3; H332 H312 H302 H314 H318 H335 H412			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	
Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE			
141-43-5	205-483-3	2-aminoethanol	<= 100 % %
		= 11 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 1,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 oral: LD50 = 1089 mg/kg_STOT SE 3; H335: >= 5 - 100	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

First aider: Pay attention to self-protection! Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down. In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

Provide fresh air. When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice. Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Medical treatment necessary. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap.

Immediately remove any wetted clothing, shoes or stockings.

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Adverse human health effects and symptoms: Gastric perforation. Call a physician immediately. Do not allow a neutralisation agent to be drunk. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. Do NOT induce vomiting.

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol

Revision date: 14.10.2020

Product code: HAL1020

Page 4 of 14

Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings. Water spray. alcohol resistant foam. Dry extinguishing powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. Thermal decomposition can lead to the escape of irritating gases and vapours.

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing. Full protection suit.

Additional information

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

Usual measures for fire prevention.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Use personal protection equipment. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. In case of fire: Evacuate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Other information

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal. Take up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7 Personal protection equipment: see section 8 Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal. Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Usual measures for fire prevention.

Osual measures for me prevention.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Provide adequate ventilation. When using do



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol

Revision date: 14.10.2020

Product code: HAL1020

Page 5 of 14

not eat, drink or smoke.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed. Keep locked up. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture. storage temperature: +2°C - +8°C

Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Acids

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

CAS No	Name of agent	ppm	mg/m³	fib/cm³	Category	Origin
141-43-5	2-Aminoethanol	1	2.5		TWA (8 h)	
		3	7.6		STEL (15 min)	

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Name of agent					
DNEL type Exposure route E			Effect	Value		
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol					
Worker DNEL, long-term inhalation systemic 1 mg/m³				1 mg/m³		
Worker DNEL, long-term inhalation local 0,51 mg/m³				0,51 mg/m³		
Worker DNEL, long-term dermal systemic 3 mg/kg l			3 mg/kg bw/day			
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	0,18 mg/m³		
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	0,28 mg/m³		
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	1,5 mg/kg bw/day		
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	1,5 mg/kg bw/day		

PNEC values

CAS No	Name of agent			
Environmenta	Environmental compartment			
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol			
Freshwater 0,07 mg/l				
Freshwater (intermittent releases) 0,028				
Marine water		0,007 mg/l		
Freshwater sediment		0,357 mg/kg		
Marine sediment		0,036 mg/kg		
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		100 mg/l		
Soil	1,29 mg/kg			

8.2. Exposure controls

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol

Revision date: 14.10.2020

Product code: HAL1020

Page 6 of 14



Appropriate engineering controls

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Face shield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. Wear suitable gloves.

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. If technical exhaust or ventilation measures are not possible or insufficient, respiratory protection must be worn.

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Environmental exposure controls

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	liquid	
Colour:	clear, colourless	
Odour:	amin-like, disagreeable	
Odour threshold:	not determined	
		Test method
Changes in the physical state		
Melting point/freezing point:	10-11 °C	;
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	170 °C	



	Glycinol		
Revision date: 14.10.2020	Product code: HAL1020	Page 7 o	of 14
Sublimation point:	not determined		
Softening point:	not determined		
Pour point:	not determined		
Flash point:	91 °C	DIN EN ISO 2719	
Flammability			
Solid/liquid:	not applicable		
Gas:	not applicable		
Explosive properties No data available			
Lower explosion limits:	2,5 vol. %		
Upper explosion limits:	17 vol. %		
Auto-ignition temperature:	424 °C	ASTM E 659	
Self-ignition temperature			
Solid:	not applicable		
Gas:	not applicable not determined		
Decomposition temperature:			
pH-Value (at 20 °C):	12,1 (100 g/l)		
Viscosity / kinematic: (at 20 °C)	23,5 mm²/s		
Water solubility: (at 20 °C)	1.000 g/L	easily soluble	
Solubility in other solvents not determined			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	not determined		
Vapour pressure: (at 20 °C)	0,3 hPa		
Density (at 25 °C):	1,012 g/cm³		
Bulk density:	not applicable		
Relative vapour density:	2,11	(Air. = 1,0)	
9.2. Other information			
Information with regard to physical hazard classe	95		
Sustaining combustion:	Sustaining combustion		
Oxidizing properties Not oxidising.			
Other safety characteristics			
Solvent content:	No data available		
Solid content:	not determined		
Evaporation rate:	not determined		
Further Information			
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity			

10.1. Reactivity

No data available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol

Revision date: 14.10.2020

Product code: HAL1020

Page 8 of 14

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with: Acid, Peroxides, Oxidizing agent.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from: Acid, Oxidizing agent, Peroxides. Oxidizing agents, strong. Strong acid. Iron. copper. brass. halogenated hydrocarbons Other general rubber products.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition can lead to the escape of irritating gases and vapours. In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Further information

In case of fire: See chapter 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

No data available

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	1089	Rat	Study report (1988)	OECD Guideline 401
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	2504	Rabbit	Study report (1988)	OECD Guideline 402
	inhalation vapour	ATE	11 mg/l			
	inhalation aerosol	ATE	1,5 mg/l			

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin - rabbit. Result: corrosive - 4 h (OECD 404) Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2).

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eyes - Rabbit, Result: Corrosive, (OECD Test Guideline 405) Causes serious eye damage.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol

Revision date: 14.10.2020

Product code: HAL1020

Page 9 of 14

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea Pigs Result: negative Note: ECHA

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Ames test negative. Escherichia coli/ Salmonella typhimurium OECD 471 (Ames test)

Chromosomal aberrations mammalian cells - liver - Rat (In-vitro) Result: negative

Gene-mutations mammalian cells (In-vitro) mouse lymphoma cells Result: negative (ECHA) OECD 474 Mouse - male + female Result: negative

Carcinogenicity:

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive toxicity: No data available

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. (2-aminoethanol)

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

No data available

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No data available

Additional information on tests

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]: health hazard properties

Practical experience

No data available

11.2. Information on other hazards

Other information

Repeated dose toxicity - Lowest observed adverse effect level - 300 mg/kg Rat - male + female (ECHA)

liver - Practical/human experience. Irregularities - Evidence of liver damage.

Further information

RTECS: KJ5775000

Caution! To the best of our knowledge the toxicological properties of this material have not been thoroughly



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol

Revision date: 14.10.2020

Product code: HAL1020

Page 10 of 14

investigated.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] [d]	Species	Source	Method
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	349 mg/l	96 h	Cyprinus carpio	Study report (1997)	other: Directive 92/69/EEC, C.1.
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	2,8 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	unpublished (1997)	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	27,04	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (2012)	OECD Guideline 202
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	1,24	41 d	l Oryzias latipes	unpublished (2008)	OECD Guideline 210
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	0,85	21 d	Daphnia magna	unpublished (1997)	other: OECD 202 "Daphnia sp., Acute Immo

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD): 1.310 mg/g; Note: IUCLID

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Method	Value	d	Source	
	Evaluation				
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol				
	Biological degradation: aerobic.	>90 %	21	OECD 301A	
	Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria	a).			
	Biological degradation: aerobic.	90 - 100 %		OECD 301F	
	Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).				
	Biochemical oxygen demand (BSB):	800 mg/g		IUCLID	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No indication of bioaccumulation potential.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol	-2,3

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol	2,5		SAR and QSAR in Envi

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Toxic to aquatic life.

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol

Revision date: 14.10.2020

Product code: HAL1020

Page 11 of 14

Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations.

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Contaminated packaging

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

• • • •	
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2491
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOLAMINE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	8
	8
Classification code:	C7
Limited quantity:	5 L
Excepted quantity:	E1
Transport category:	3
Hazard No:	80
Tunnel restriction code:	E
Inland waterways transport (ADN)	
<u>14.1. UN number or ID number:</u>	UN 2491
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOLAMINE
<u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</u>	8
<u>14.4. Packing group:</u>	III
Hazard label:	8
	12
	8
Classification code:	C7
Limited quantity:	5 L
Excepted quantity:	E1
Marine transport (IMDG)	
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2491
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOLAMINE



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Revision date: 14.10.2020	Glycinol Product code: HAL1020	Page 12 of 14
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8	
14.4. Packing group:		
Hazard label:	8	
Special Provisions:	223	
Limited quantity:	5 L	
Excepted quantity: EmS:	E1	
	F-A, S-B	
Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)		
14.1. UN number or ID number:		
14.2. UN proper shipping name:		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8	
<u>14.4. Packing group:</u> Hazard label:	 8	
	B	
Special Provisions:	A3 A803	
Limited quantity Passenger:	1 L	
Passenger LQ:	Y841	
Excepted quantity:	E1	
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger: IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	852 5 L	
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger. IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	856	
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	60 L	
14.5. Environmental hazards		
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:	No	
14.6. Special precautions for user Warning: strongly corrosive.		
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according t not applicable	o IMO instruments	
SECTION 15: Regulatory information		
15.1. Safety health and environmental requ	lations/logislation specific for the substance or mixture	

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information	
Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII	l):
Entry 3	
2010/75/EU (VOC):	100 % (1012 g/l)
2004/42/EC (VOC):	100 % (1012 g/l)
Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):	Not subject to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)
Additional information	
Safety Data Sheet according to Regu	ılation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
National regulatory information	

National regulatory information

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol				
Revision date: 14.10.2020	Product code: HAL1020	Page 13 of 14		
Employment restrictions:	Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.			
Water hazard class (D):	1 - slightly hazardous to water			
Skin resorption/Sensitization:	Permeates easily through outer skin and causes poisoning.			

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

CLP: Classification, labelling and Packaging REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Chemicals UN: United Nations CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service DNEL: Derived No Effect Level DMFL: Derived Minimal Effect Level PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration ATE: Acute toxicity estimate LC50: Lethal concentration, 50% LD50: Lethal dose, 50% LL50: Lethal loading, 50% EL50: Effect loading, 50% EC50: Effective Concentration 50% ErC50: Effective Concentration 50%, growth rate NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration BCF: Bio-concentration factor PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic vPvB: very persistent, very bioaccumulative ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods EmS: Emergency Schedules MFAG: Medical First Aid Guide IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds SVHC: Substance of Verv High Concern For abbreviations and acronyms, see table at http://abbrev.esdscom.eu Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text) H302 Harmful if swallowed. H302+H312+H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Glycinol

Revision date: 14.10.2020

Product code: HAL1020

Page 14 of 14

H335 H412 May cause respiratory irritation.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Further Information

The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations. Warning - substance not yet tested completely. The product is intended for research, analysis and scientific education.

The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations. The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights.

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.